

DAILY NEVADA STATE JOURNAL.

VOL. 18.

RENO, WASHOE COUNTY, NEVADA. WEDNESDAY MORNING, JANUARY 24, 1883.

NO. 94.

PRIZE BOOKS FOR SUBSCRIBERS.

The Weekly Journal's Clubbing Arrangement with the Cincinnati Commercial.

Having made arrangements to club the WEEKLY JOURNAL with the Cincinnati Weekly Commercial, we announce that we will furnish the WEEKLY JOURNAL and the Cincinnati Weekly Commercial, a large 8-page, 50-column family newspaper, printed from large, clear new type, and furnishes more reading matter for the money than any other newspaper in the county, the issue of each week containing over twenty-two square feet of printed matter, and is not surpassed for news, business reports, literary and select reading, one year for \$3.50, and will give as a free prize to each yearly subscriber under this clubbing arrangement any one book he may select from the following famous works—postage paid and free of all cost—the books being unabridged, beautifully printed on good paper in paper covers: Tennyson's Poems; The Arabian Nights; The Narrative of the Jeannette Arctic Expedition, by Lieut. Danenhower; The Mill on the Floss, by George Eliot; Wood's Natural History for Boys, (300 illustrations); East Lynne, by Mrs. Henry Wood; Venor's Almanac for 1883; The Swiss Family Robinson; A Treatise on the Horse and His Diseases, by Dr. B. J. Kendall; The Woman in White, by Wilkie Collins; History of the Kingdom of Ireland; Waverley, by Sir Walter Scott; A Brave Lady, by Miss Mulock; The Bible Dictionary; Lady Audley's Secret, by Miss Braddon.

It will be noticed that our selection of prizes covers an extraordinary range and variety of the brightest and best books.

Free specimen copies of the Cincinnati Weekly Commercial may be obtained by addressing M. Halstead & Co., Proprietors Commercial, Cincinnati, Ohio, and free specimen copies of the JOURNAL can be obtained by addressing C. C. Powning, Proprietor JOURNAL, Reno, Nevada.

Send postal card asking for specimen copies.

Cash System! Cash System!

Since my first announcement that I proposed to place my business on a cash basis on Jan. 1st, I have received much encouragement from many of my customers. They appreciate the fact that it is a fair system, as all pay cash or its equivalent; they do not, as under the credit system, have charged to them the loss suffered by some debtor who has "skipped" his account, and frequently the country. Also the cash system has harmonious influences, there being fewer circumstances to create difficulties between the dealer and his customers, such as dunning, refusal of credit, suing, etc. I have in reserve a good proof that it pays to buy for cash. It is a price list, which will be out January 1, 1883. Send or call for one. Respectfully,

JERRY SCHOOLING.

Fine Job Work.

The JOURNAL job office has just received a large and fine stock of paper, cards, inks, etc., for job printing and is prepared to take orders for every description of work in the printing line. Only skilled workers are employed in the job room, and no inferior work is allowed to leave the office. Compensation prices are charged for every job and satisfaction guaranteed. Call and examine our specimens and leave your orders.

Depot Hotel.

At the Depot.....Reno, Nevada

WILLIAM R. CHAMBERLAIN, Prop'r.

THIS House is situated beside the Railroad track, and it is but a step from the building to the cars of the C. P. R. R. on one side, and those of the V. & T. R. R. on the other.

ALL THE ATTRACTIONS OF A FIRST-CLASS HOTEL ARE SUPPLIED.

All the—

PASSENGER TRAINS STOP

IN FRONT OF THE HOTEL

Offices of—

Wells, Fargo & Co. and Western Union Telegraph Co.

AND ALL THE RAILROAD OFFICES

Are in this Building.

WM. R. CHAMBERLAIN,
Proprietor.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

C. S. VARIAN, W. H. DICKSON,

RENO. SALT LAKE.

DICKSON & VARIAN,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
Will practice in all the courts of Utah and Nevada.

F. R. WAGGONER, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON

Residence and Office.—That formerly occupied by Dr. Dawson.

sp-12

WILLIAM CAIN,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,
RENO, NEVADA.

OFFICE—Up Stairs in Odd Fellows' Building.

S. BISHOP,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

RENO, NEVADA.

OFFICE—At residence on south side of the Truckee River.

W. BERGMAN,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON

Reno, Washoe Co., Nev.

OFFICE—Second street, next door to Journal Building.

BENEVOLENT SOCIETIES.

Reno Chapter No. 7, R. A. M.

THE STATED CONVOCATIONS OF RENO Chapter No. 7, of R. A. M., are held at Masonic Hall on the evening of the first Thursday of each month, commencing at 8 o'clock sharp. All sojourning companions in good standing are fraternally invited to attend. By order of the E. H. P.

W. L. BECHTEL, Secretary.

I. O. O. F.

TRUCKEE LODGE, No. 14
Independent Order of Odd Fellows
meet at their Hall on Second Street, Virginia Street, Reno, every Wednesday evening, at 7 o'clock. A punctual attendance of members is requested. All visiting members good standing, are cordially invited to attend. JOHN BELZ, N. G.

R. F. Hor, Secretary.

I. O. O. F.

RENO LODGE NO. 19, INDEPENDENT ORDER OF ODD FELLOWS meet at Odd Fellows' Hall, over the Congregational Church, every Thursday evening. A punctual attendance is demanded; tested. All visiting members good standing, are cordially invited to attend. JOHN BELZ, N. G.

R. F. Hor, Secretary.

O. LONKEY.

E. R. SMITH.

VERDI PLANING MILL

AND BOX FACTORY.

P. O. VERDI, WASHOE CO., NEV.

Nevada and California Lumber Co.

CONSISTING OF—

PROSSER CREEK SAW MILL.

BANNER SAW MILL,

BANNER BOX FACTORY.

Post Office.....Boca, Nevada Co., Cal

Telegraph.....Prosser Creek, Cal

May 12-13

T. K. HYMERS,

(Successor to Hymers & Constock), proprietor of the

TRUCKEE LIVERY, FEED & SALE STABLE

Cor. Sierra and Second Sts., Reno, Nev.

HORSES, BUGGIES AND SADDLE HORSES

TO LET—

And Horses Boarded by the Day, Week or Month. Terms to suit the times.

We have also attached a large Hay Yard, with good Stables. Also, Corrals for Loose Stock, well watered. REASNE TO LET.

DEPOT HOTEL.

E. L. O., NEVADA.

JAMES CLARK, Proprietor.

This large house is favorably known to the traveling public, and the proprietor is pleased to announce that he will conduct it in the future as in the past, as a

First-Class Hotel.

In all respects. Board and Lodging at the most reasonable rates. The finest brands of

WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

All passenger trains of the Central Pac stop directly at the door for meals.

MISCELLANEOUS.

MISCELLANEOUS.

AUDITOR'S REPORT.

AUDITOR'S OFFICE, Washoe Co., Nev., Reno, January 1st, 1883.

To the Board of Commissioners, and for Washoe County, Nevada.—In compliance with law, I submit my report showing the financial condition of Washoe County, Nevada, for the quarter ending Dec. 31, 1882:

Cash in Treasury Sept. 30, 1882.....\$7,957.71

RECEIPTS:

Fees from Sheriff.....\$400.04

Fees from Clerk.....888.50

Fees from Sheriff.....125.97

Fees from Recorder.....41.40

Fees from Dist. Atty.....45.00

State allowance to Treasurer.....1,415.39

" " Auditor.....336.00

" " Assessor.....680.40

County fees.....77.00

County license.....1,391.21

Gaming license.....893.00

Dog license.....2.00

Penal fine, Justice Court.....112.00

Penal fines, District Court.....1.00

Boarding prisoners, refunded.....15.40

Taxes 1882, Assessment Roll.....26,887.04

Poll taxes 1882, Assessment Roll.....2,908.00

Poll tax collections.....55.44

Poll tax collections.....45.20

Voluntary payment taxes 1882.....102.70

Del. taxes 1881, And. Cert.....12.75

Del. poll taxes 1882, And. Cert.....8.00

Delinquent 10 per cent.....14.64

Total.....\$67,703.00

Total.....\$105,751.61

EXPENDITURES:

Funds—

Nevada State.....\$37,975.67

General.....85.85

Contingent.....1,588.73

Indigent Sick.....1,101.31

Reno Bridge.....333.60

Judge's Salary.....525.00

Officers' Salary.....4,741.01

Reno Incorporation.....847.14

General road.....1,112.88

Reno Road.....82.53

Franktown Road.....121.50

Brown's Road.....228.17

Glenelme Road.....114.25

Whinemucca Road.....51.00

Wadsworth Road.....96.00

Verdi Road.....94.00

West Elko town.....95.50

Glendale Road.....31.36

General School.....31.00

Franktown School.....432.99

Washoe School.....271.82

Mill Station School.....147.25

Glendale School.....129.05

Verdi School.....290.00

Reno School.....210.00

Reno School.....2,816.42

Wadsworth School.....12.00

Brown's School.....100.00

North Truckee School.....23.45

Peavine School.....171.00

Pyramid School.....176.25

Total.....\$80,082.38

Cash in Treasury Dec. 31, 1882.....\$15,669.23

LIABILITIES:

Reno Bridge Bonds.....\$11,000.00

Wadsworth Bridge Bonds.....3,000.00

DAILY NEVADA STATE JOURNAL

C. C. Lovvng, Editor & Proprietor

WEDNESDAY.....JANUARY 24, 1882.

WESTERFIELD'S PRISON BILL.

In our local columns will be found Senator Westerfield's bill providing for the completion of the State Prison at Reno. The Senator has evidently given the subject considerable thought, and has arrived at sound conclusions. His idea, as we gather from the bill, is to utilize the labor of the convicts, in completing the work, and such of the stone at the present prison as can be profitably extracted and transported to Reno. The sum of \$50,000 is appropriated for the completion of the work, but only one-half of it is to be expended in any one year. With convict labor no such sum of money is needed—it is at least \$20,000 too much. Without convict labor, the JOURNAL believes the Reno Prison can be completed for less than \$50,000, and responsible citizens stand ready to contract it for \$47,000. The entire subject matter is simply one of a business nature, and the State ought not to hesitate a moment in making the investment. Every report that has ever been made had plainly shown that to continue the prison at Carson was to continue an unjust taxation upon the people. There is but slight hope of ever reducing the cost there to such a figure as it should be. There is not only hope, but it is almost an assurance that at Reno the expense can be reduced one-third, with a possible possibility of in a few years rendering it unnecessary for the State to make any appropriation for its support. In a large number of States the prisons return a net revenue. Even in California the cost per capita has been reduced to 32½ cents per day, with every hope that in a year or two it will not amount to anything. Nevada continues to maintain at war prices. At either Controller Hallock's figures of \$1.08 or the .66 of Warder Garrard the cost is too high. Warder Garrard asserts that of this .66 the commissary stores, etc., amounts to .27, or nearly one-half. At Reno the State has as fine a piece of farming land as there is in the country. It is capable of producing more than the prisoners or insane patients can consume. If it was only farmed for their account this .27 would be saved, and in addition enable the cost of the keeping of the insane to be largely reduced, the surplus cereals, vegetables, etc., being traded off for the staple articles needed at both institutions. This fact of itself is sufficient to warrant the immediate completion of the Reno Prison, even if the State was a million dollars in debt, because it never will be any better off if it continues to conduct its business on the same principle that now governs its management of the State Prison.

THE STATE'S TAXABLE PROPERTY.

The total value of all taxable property in Nevada for the year 1882 was \$27,369,335.37, made up, by counties, as follows:

Washoe.....	\$3,930,880.00
Storey.....	3,926,216.10
Elko.....	3,400,417.00
Eureka.....	3,261,804.80
Humboldt.....	2,808,576.00
Lander.....	2,027,252.87
Ormsby.....	1,830,158.00
Esmeralda.....	1,441,646.69
Lyon.....	1,053,534.00
Nye.....	946,714.00
White Pine.....	887,762.41
Douglas.....	752,094.00
Lincoln.....	618,164.00
Churchill.....	484,115.50

THE PROPER PLACE.

Assemblyman Pike has introduced a bill which has for its object the placing of the State Prison and all matters connected therewith under the absolute control of the Board of State Prison Commissioners, where the Constitution intends it should be. Aside from this the bill consolidates some of the offices, and thereby effects a saving of \$4,000 per annum to the State. It imposes upon the Deputy Warden the duties appertaining to the Clerk, and compels the Captain of the Guard to perform the work heretofore done by the Commissary. Both in policy and economy the bill is just and proper, and we hope it will be enacted into a law.

The House Committee on Public Buildings, in view of the scoring they have received for passing so many public building bills last session for insignificant towns, are rather nervous about recommending any public building bills this session; but they agreed at a meeting lately to do what they could in the way of getting the House to promptly concur in any bill for a Postoffice at San Francisco that the Senate may pass. What does the Committee intend to do toward giving Nevada public buildings at Carson?

The claim bill of the Asylum contractors passed the Assembly yesterday by the very decisive vote of 35 to 3. Just and proper and no doubt Gov. Adams will approve it.

THE WARDEN PROPOSITION.

Constitutional and Other Objections to Making the Lieutenant Governor Warden of the State Prison.

EDITOR JOURNAL:—Senator Gallagher's bill to make the Lieutenant Governor ex-officio Warden of the State Prison is attracting much attention, and meeting with opposition on several independent grounds. Of course, all who oppose Governor Laughlin for personal reasons, and all who are ambitious to obtain the office are against the bill; but the measure meets with disfavor from a higher and less selfish quarter, and on well-grounded principle.

THE BILL IS UNCONSTITUTIONAL.

A lawyer of some standing said to the writer the other day that the bill contravenes the spirit of the Constitution of the State, and is inimical to Section 21 of Article V. of that instrument, and it seems there is much force in the suggestion. The Section in question provides, "That the Governor, Secretary of State and Attorney General shall constitute a Board of State Prison Commissioners, which Board shall have such supervision of all matters connected with the State Prison as may be directed by law." This Section, it is said, creates a Board and clothes it with the power to manage the Prison, and charges it with the responsibility of such management and reserved to the Legislature the power to legislate merely, and by legislation to specify the matters and manner of such management. It does not clothe the Legislature with authority to deprive the Constitutional Board of its executive functions, or to create an executive office and fill it and vest the office so created with independent and superior powers and put it above and without the reach of the Board. To do this is clearly to take the management of the Prison out of the hands in which the Constitution reposes it, is to deprive the Prison Commissioners of the control which it was intended they should have.

If the Lieutenant Governor (whose term of office is fixed and whose tenure therefore is beyond the reach of both the Board of Prison Commissioners and the Legislature) is to be Warden and chief executive officer of the Prison by virtue of his office; if this elective official, who is in no manner answerable to the Board or to the Legislature, is to have charge of the Prison, appoint and remove its help and be, in fact, its sole executive officer; if the officer so in charge cannot be removed or suspended, he may defy and overturn the jurisdiction and authority of the Board, leaving it an empty title, barren of all authority and impotent of all power.

The Constitution is the law established by the people in their sovereign capacity. It is the paramount law of the land, binding upon the Legislature as upon the individual, and when this higher law of the people vests the functions of an office in a Board, the functions so vested cannot be transferred to or exercised by any other officer or person.

When the people have declared their fundamental law that certain powers shall be possessed and certain duties performed by a particular Board or officer, the exercises of these powers by any other officer are forbidden by necessary implication.

If this were not so the Legislature could usurp the functions of the executive and judicial departments of State and vest them in creatures of their own to be exercised according to their will, and thus the whole Constitutional fabric might be undermined and destroyed. But, independently of all legal considerations,

THE BILL IS UNNECESSARY AND UNWISE.

It not only takes the management out of the hands where the people have lodged it, but puts its irresponsible hands and vests it in one not accountable and who is often personally interested in its abuse.

It creates a conflict of jurisdiction between the Board of State Prison Commissioners and the chief executive officer of the Prison, which there is no power to reconcile.

It puts a Constitutional officer in a subordinate place and leaves him without personal accountability. He may be negligent, extravagant and inefficient and there is no remedy. The Board cannot remove him or otherwise control his action. He may disregard prison rules and refuse to enforce discipline. He may share illicit profits of trade with merchants trading with the State. He may exchange goods furnished for whisky, tobacco and forbidden luxuries. He may rob the convicts by appropriating their money intrusted to his care. He may be so criminally negligent as to burn the Prison down, and so corrupt as to conspire with contractors and material men to rob the State and divide the plunder. He may appoint dishonest and untrustworthy guards, pay them exorbitant wages and share with them the excess above a fair price. He may be so drunken, depraved and shameless as to bring the Prison management into contempt and bring disgrace upon the whole State (as has been done before) and for all these

wrongs and abuses there will be no remedy or relief.

It may be said the present Lieutenant Governor is an honest and capable man, who would manage the Prison to his credit and best interests of the State, all of which we freely grant; but Governor Laughlin is not likely to be perpetuated in office, and the office of Lieutenant Governor is a perpetual thing. We have not always had; nor can we always expect to have, a Lieutenant Governor who possesses the qualities to make a good Warden of the penitentiary. It is possible that a mere politician, without brains or qualities, may succeed to that office. What has happened may recur.

The spectacle of 1867, '70, and '71, '75 may be witnessed again. History may repeat itself.

Under existing laws the Warden is required to reside at the Prison. This, if the Lieutenant Governor is a married man, burdens the State with the inconvenience and support of his family, an annoyance and expense of no trifling magnitude, which could, and no doubt would, be avoided if the power to appoint the Warden was left where it properly belongs.

No reason exists for the State to support the Lieutenant Governor or provide his family with horse-hire and servants.

The duties of the office are few and simple and the compensation fixed by law is certain and adequate.

It is his duty to preside over the Senate, for which he is paid ten dollars per day, and to perform the duties of the Governor in case of inability or absence from the State, and for this service his pay is fixed at fourteen dollars. Thus the State is under no obligation to support him. Having no other duties he should have no other pay. When the Legislature is not in session his time is his own, and he is at liberty to engage in any pursuit to which his talents fit him. He may farm, or mine, or merchandize, or railroad; he may fiddle if he likes, but unless he plays the dances should not be expected to pay.

X.
CARSON, January 23, 1883.

Grant Recomendus Johnston.

A Post Washington special says: General Joseph E. Johnston, the ex-Confederate commander, has been recommended by General Grant for the position of District Commissioner here. Johnston has purchased a house and has become a permanent resident of Washington.

Mother! Mother! Mother!!! Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the little sufferer at once—depend upon it, there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Sold everywhere. 25 cents a bottle.

jan10-ly-SuWFew
NEW TO-DAY.

NEVADA THEATER, RENO,

ONE NIGHT ONLY.

Wednesday, January 31, 1883,

M. B. LEAVITT'S

ALL STAR SPECIALTY CO.

The Strongest Specialty Organization in the World.

20—ARTISTS—20

OUR TRADE MARK—"ALL STARS."

Admission.....\$1.00
No extra charge for Reserved Seats, for Sale at Postoffice.

NEVADA THEATER,

ONE NIGHT ONLY!

Reno, Friday, January 26,

Europe and America's Greatest Success.

JAY RIAL'S

Two Great Companies Consolidated.

*The European Company, After an extended tour of the English stage, having just returned from Scotland, have just returned and Consolidated with Mr. Rial's American Company, forming beyond all question the strongest combination that has ever presented

UNCLE TOM'S CABIN!

Double Dramatic Company,
Grand Scenic Effects,
Trick Donkey "Frisco,"
Magnolia Slave Band,
And the Only Genuine

Prices as Low as the Lowest.

POPULAR PRICES:

50 Cts. and 75 Cts.

No Extra! No Higher!

Reserved Seats now on sale at the Postoffice.

8-Trained Bloodhounds!!-8

POPULAR PRICES:

50 Cts. and 75 Cts.

No Extra! No Higher!

Reserved Seats now on sale at the Postoffice.

Satisfaction guaranteed in every particular.
Office on Plaza St., below Lake, Reno.

jan17-jan18

MISCELLANEOUS.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION.

AT THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK AT RENO
in the State of Nevada, at the close of business Dec. 30th, 1882:

RESOURCES:
Loans and discounts.....\$199,013.72
Overdrafts.....3,229.34
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation.....40,000.00
Other stocks, bonds and mortgages.....26,398.24
Sum from State Banks and Dealers.....447.34
Bank notes, bank and discount notes.....5,025.00
Premiums paid.....3,225.00
Checks and other cash items.....170.00
Specie.....31,381.21
Legal tender notes.....1,082.00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 0-0 of circulation).....1,800.00
Due from U. S. Treasurer, other than 5 0-0 redemption fund.....400.00
Total.....\$313,446.86

LIABILITIES:

Capital stock paid in.....\$75,000.00
Surplus fund.....15,057.91
Undivided profits.....12,080.15
National Bank notes outstanding.....35,460.00
Individual deposits subject to check.....90,003.75
Demand certificates of deposit.....37,265.57
Due to other National Banks.....5,035.87
Due to State Banks and bankers.....43,714.61
Total.....\$313,446.86

STATE OF NEVADA, }
COUNTY OF WASHOE, }
I, C. T. BENDER, Cashier of the above-named
bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement
is true to the best of my knowledge and
belief. C. T. BENDER, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 16th
day of Jan., 1883. C. S. MARTIN,
Commer-Artist: Notary Public,
C. A. BENDER, G. W. MAPES,
A. H. MANNING, Directors.

RENO FOUNDRY,

AND MACHINE SHOP,

Reno, Nevada.

Is now fully established and is prepared to do
a general foundry business, including every
description of

Castings In Iron and Brass.

Forging & Machine Work,
At lower prices than can be obtained elsewhere.

SUPERIOR MILL CASTINGS GUARANTEED.

Orders respectfully solicited.

Mechanical Engineering.

Drawings and estimates furnished when re-
quested. ANDREW PRASER, Proprietor.

THE SIERRA BUTTES AND PLUMAS EUREKA MINES.

To Stockmen and Butchers.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED
up to noon on April 1st, 1883, by the under-
signed, for Turners, Blacksmiths, etc., as required at the
Plumas Eureka Mine, Sierra County.

The quantity required will be from 12,000
to 16,000 lbs. per month for each mine.

BEEF must be of the best quality, no old
steaks, old cows or calves in calf, nor cattle
weighing less than 400 lbs. will be received.

The cattle to be driven into the Company's
Corral at each mine in droves of ten, more
or less, as the Company's agent may elect, and to
be fed and slaughtered at the contractor's ex-
pense. The Company to have the oil and the
contractor the hides.

Bids may be made for supplying either or
both mines and for one or two years.

Contract to commence on May 1st, 1883.

Bonds to the amount of \$6,000 will be re-
quired for each mine.

All bids to be marked on the outside, "Ten-
der for Beef."

The Company does not bind itself to accept
the lowest or any tender.

Further information may be had at the Com-
pany's offices at the mines, or from the under-
signed at San Francisco.

DAILY NEVADA STATE JOURNAL

WEDNESDAY.....JANUARY 24, 1882.

PRICE OF DAILY JOURNAL,

12½ CENTS PER WEEK:

TOWN AND COUNTY.

BREVITIES.

Jose's loss by the late fire has been adjusted and paid.

Nasby has just received a new stock of cigars and tobacco.

This is the evening for the taxpayers' meeting at the Baptist Church.

Arthur Nichols, of Huntingdon, Hopkins & Co., was in town yesterday.

The Grand Jury is supposed to be investigating Reno Savings Bank affairs.

It is said that 200,000 pounds of trout were shipped from Wadsworth last year.

Such lovely weather was never enjoyed before at this season of the year in this section.

There are 137 patients at the Asylum, ten at the County Hospital and seven prisoners in jail.

The Benton Consolidated Mining Company has levied an assessment of ten cents per share.

Green pears and new potatoes are reported in the San Francisco market. Whereupon the hash find of the Virginia Enterprise remarks that "no doubt the potatoes are very small and the peas wormy."

The Northern Belle Mining Company has increased the amount of its dividend to the old standard of fifty cents per share, and commences the new year with a declaration of its sixty-eighth dividend for the above amount.

The Register of the Carson City Land Office has notified the Commissioner of the General Land Office that the representatives of the Sutro Tunnel Company failed to appear on the day set for hearing the contest against several Virginia City mining companies, involving titles to portions of the Comstock lode. Their protest was consequently dismissed.

SMALL TWIN BABIES.

A Two-Pound Girl and a Three-Pound Boy

The Tuscarora Mining News, of Sunday last, has the annexed.

By glancing under the heading of "Born" it will be seen that the wife of Frank Hawe yesterday presented her liege lord with twins. That fact would not of itself be remarkable, but when it is known that the boy weighs but three pounds and the girl two, it presents a curious freak of nature seldom known. Both babies were alive at last accounts last evening, though the boy did not appear as sprightly as his lesser weight sister. The mother is a woman of average size, weighs about 130 pounds, and usually has good health. The father is a man of apparently strong constitution, and weighs between 170 and 180 pounds. The twins are the first children born to the couple, they having been married but about a year.

The Blackmailing Major.

The Sacramento Record-Union, of Tuesday, contained the following:

Last evening Deputy Sheriff Hickey left on the overland train for Reno, Nev., as a witness before the Grand Jury, which will to-morrow make an examination into the case of R. F. Fitzgerald, alias P. G. Wilson, alias F. W. Emerson, alias Ira L. Evans, alias Charles D. Williams, alias O. R. Payne, alias H. G. Wright, alias J. B. Randolph, alias C. C. Schofield, who is charged with forgery. The first alias is the name which he goes by at the present. He is known in this city as Fitzgerald, under which name he at one time issued a small blackmailing paper. There is now a warrant at Lone City, Amador county, charging him with the grand larceny of a team and buckboard, which he left in Wheatland after obtaining some money on it.

Not On It.

In the Senate yesterday Westerfield offered a resolution to adjourn sine die February 10th. It was lost. Ayes—Dangberg, Dennis, Foley, Fox, Parker, Schooling, Smyth, Tolley, Westerfield, Noss—Brumley, Gallagher, Hammond, Henderson, Hobart, Keyser, Marker, McConnell, Rockhill, Williams.

Grand Clearance Sale.

The second annual clearance sale of F. Levy & Bro., is now in progress, and while it lasts, dress goods, trimmings, cloaks, hose, and everything else in merchandise will be sold for cash at such prices as will even astonish the ladies. This is an opportunity seldom offered, and the ladies all know it.

Frozen Industry.

The Chronicle says the freezing up of several mills on the Carson river has caused the laying off of quite a number of miners of the Gold Hill mines. The weather, however, has moderated to a great extent in the last two days, and it is to be hoped that the mills can again be soon prepared for work.

Firm, Firm, Firm.

Successfully treated by World's Dispensary Medical Association. Address, with stamp for pamphlet, Buffalo, N. Y.

THE STATE PRISON.

Senator Westerfield's Bill Providing for the Completion of the State Prison at Reno.

Annealed is a copy of the bill introduced by Senator Westerfield, of Lyon, in the Senate, January 18th, providing for the completion of the State Prison at Reno:

SECTION 1. The Board of State Prison Commissioners, together with the Warden of the State Prison, are hereby constituted a Building Committee, whose duty shall be to control and manage the construction and completion of the State Prison near Reno. The said Building Committee shall immediately take possession of all necessary land, and the State Prison walls in and about said prison walls and all property of the State near Reno, which may be required for the purposes of this Act, and proceed at as early a day as practicable, to construct and complete the said State Prison according to the plans and specifications heretofore adopted by the Board of State Prison Commissioners, but with such modifications of said plans and specifications as the said Building Committee may determine to be for the best interests of the State. The Building Committee shall have authority to employ a competent person, who shall be known as Superintendent of Construction, whose duty it shall be, to manage and direct the work and construction of said prison, subject to the supervision of the Building Committee. The said Superintendent of Construction shall receive a salary, not exceeding one hundred and fifty dollars per month, and may be removed at any time by the Building Committee. No member of the Building Committee shall be interested in any supplies used or contract made in the construction of said prison.

SECTION 2. In the construction and completion of said State Prison it shall be the duty of the Building Committee to use exclusively the labor of the State Prison convicts, excepting the necessary guards and labor necessary out of said prison walls; and it is hereby made the duty of the Board of State Prison Commissioners to furnish all the stone, cut or uncut, from the State Prison at Carson as may be required by the Building Committee in the construction of the new State Prison, and to furnish the necessary convict labor from the old State Prison; also the necessary arms, ammunition, clothing, subsistence, iron cells and any other material belonging to the State, and now at said Carson State Prison, which may be necessary in the construction of the new State Prison.

SECTION 3. It shall be the duty of the Board of State Prison Commissioners to pull down, or by their [] have pulled down, transport and utilize any stone or material now around or attached to and belonging to said State Prison at Carson necessary in the construction of said new prison, whenever in their judgment the same can be done at a less expense than purchasing or making the same at Reno.

SECTION 4. As soon as the said new prison shall be sufficiently completed to keep securely any number of convicts, it shall be the duty of the Board of State Prison Commissioners to transport said convicts, and all movable property required, from the old prison to the new one. Henceforth the prison at Reno shall be the State Prison of Nevada. A majority of said Building Committee shall be a quorum for the transaction of business, and shall be allowed all necessary personal expenses while performing the duties required by this Act, as members of the Building Committee. The Building Committee shall make a full and complete report to the next session of the Legislature of all their transactions. All bills contracted by the Building Committee, after being approved by the Board of Examiners, shall be paid out of the appropriation made herein.

SECTION 5. Any convict who shall well behave himself, and who shall perform regular labor, during good health, in the construction of the new prison, shall have a credit of ten days for each month of such regular work and good behavior, such credit to be computed in favor of such convict as a commutation of sentence, and to be deducted from the entire term of penal servitude to which said convict shall have been sentenced; provided, such credit shall be forfeited by any misconduct of such convict during the month next after the one for which such credit is allowed.

SECTION 6. The sum of fifty thousand dollars is hereby appropriated to carry out the object of this Act, to be paid out of any money in the State Treasury not otherwise appropriated; provided, that a sum not exceeding twenty-five thousand dollars shall be expended during the year eighteen hundred and eighty-three, and the balance of said appropriation necessary to be used in completion of said prison, in the year eighteen hundred and eighty-four. Any part of this appropriation not necessarily used for the purpose herein mentioned shall revert to the General Fund.

SECTION 7. "An Act to provide for the erection of a State Prison," approved March 7, 1873, and all other Acts and parts of Acts, so far as they conflict with this Act, are hereby repealed.

THE IMPROVEMENT OF THE COLORADO RIVER.

The JOURNAL recently published in full the memorial and joint resolution relative to asking National aid for improving the Colorado River, introduced in the Assembly by Hon. Eugene Howell, of Lincoln county. The facts presented give the lie to the assertion that "there are no rivers in Nevada, except the two-foot stream coming out of the Sutro Tunnel." In addition to what has already been presented by Mr. Howell's memorial and resolution, and editorial comments of the Carson Appeal and Lyon County Times, we herewith publish a letter received by the editor of the JOURNAL, from a gentleman living at the junction of the Rio Virgin and Colorado rivers, in Lincoln, and whose deep interest in the matter, induced him to indulge the delusive hallucination that the Republican nominee for Congress had been successful at the polls on the 7th of November, and caused him to pen the annexed:

Riverville, Lincoln Co., Nev., November 10, 1882.

DEAR SIR—I reside, and have interests, in and around the junction of the Rio Virgin and Colorado, the farms, mines, boats, etc., and have resided in this part of Lincoln county since 1868, having been found in the front rank of whatever was going on in regard to improvements, etc.; and having done considerable business on and along the navigable waters of the Colorado, I am enabled to speak advisedly on the subject of this letter, which is: the hope of your making an effort in Congress to obtain some Government aid to improve the channel of the Colorado river up to this point, which is at present considered the head of navigation on this stream. Our present Representative made a sorry exhibit of himself in that respect, and lost a good many votes by his course, and I trust that no other Representative will show such lamentable deficiency of geographical knowledge. Over 310 miles of Nevada boundary are in the channel of the "Great Colorado of the West," in navigable water, which is proven by the fact that for several years steamers of over 200 tons capacity and 140 horse-power engines have come to this place without having been made in the channel. If \$25,000 were honestly spent in improvements by some one who would not "peel" the appropriation down to nothing, but wanted to see the use of it, the river would be navigable in nearly all stages of water up here, and perhaps twenty-five miles higher up, to the gold mines there found and languishing for want of transportation. In the year 1842 a Spanish ocean fleet came around Cape Horn and landed supplies for Coronado's army at a point but a few miles below where the State of Nevada now reaches. That army was the first that ever crossed the continent from the city of Mexico to the shores of the North Pacific. The archives of Sonora, found in its capital Arispa, and a publication of "Coronado's march" printed in the Government Printing office in Washington are my authority for this. The delegate of Arizona made and will make efforts to secure an appropriation, the Californians ought to, and Nevada will be urged to do so no doubt by other parties, for instance the El Dorado mine owners who depend entirely upon navigation for supplies, and some of their men are men of influence in Philadelphia and in Minnesota, so that such prayers ought not to fall on entirely sterile soil. I may do as much as urge attention to the matter upon several members of the House and the Senate. I trust you will be found on the side of progress and of help for the struggling border community fighting for life and prosperity in the midst of the most appalling desolation of the continent, out of which the mining industry, which is utterly dependent on transportation, is almost the only one showing any hope of yielding revenues to the nation.

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MISCELLANEOUS.



The best and most economical hair dressing, and made from materials that are beneficial to the hair and scalp. Parker's Hair Balsam is highly esteemed everywhere for its excellence and superior cleanliness.

It Never Fails to Restore the Youthful Color and Lustre to gray or faded hair, is elegantly perfumed and is warranted to remove dandruff and itching of the scalp, & prevent falling of the hair.

10c and 25c sizes, at dealers in drugs.

PARKER'S GINGER TONIC

A Superb Health and Strength Restorer.

If you are a mechanic or farmer, worn out with overwork, or a mother run down by family or house-hold duties try PARKER'S GINGER TONIC.

If you are a lawyer, minister or business man exhausted by mental strain or anxious cares, do not take intoxicating stimulants, but use Parker's Ginger Tonic.

If you have Consumption, Dyspepsia, Rheumatism, Kidney or Urinary Complaints, or if you are troubled with any disorder of the lungs, stomach, bowels, blood or nerves you can be cured by PARKER'S GINGER TONIC. It is the Greatest Blood Purifier and the Best and Surest Cough Cure Ever Used.

If you are wasting away from age, dissipation, or any disease or weakness and require a stimulant take GINGER TONIC at once; it will invigorate and build you up from the first dose but will never intoxicate, it has saved hundreds of lives; it may save yours.

JESCOX & CO., 1st William St., New York, N. Y., and one dollar place, all dealers in medicine.

GREAT SAVING BUYING IN LARGE QUANTITY.

EVERYTHING WILL BE SOLD

JOHN SUNDERLAND'S ADVERTISEMENT.

SEASON OF 1883!

I have a large and varied assortment of

Men's Fine Hand-Sewed Slippers

PRICES:

\$2.50, \$3.00; BEST \$3.50.

From this day forward I will sell, FOR CASH, the best staple goods for

MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S WEAR,

AS FOLLOWS:

	Size.	Price
Ladies' Pebble Goat, double sole, button	3 to 7	\$2.50
Misses' " " " "	" " " "	2.00
Childs' " " " "	8 to 10½	1.35
Childs' " " " "	4 to 7½	1.00
Childs' Pebble Calf, " " laced	8 to 10½	1.25
Childs' " " " "	4 to 7	1.00
Ladies' Cureso Kid, fine button	2½ to 6	3.00
Misses' " " " "	1½ to 2	2.50
Childs' " " " "	7 to 10½	1.15
Childs' Fine Button	4 to 7	1.50

25 PER CENT. CHEAPER THAN FORMERLY

BY

SUNDERLAND.

F. LEVY & BRO.

F. LEVY & BRO.,

27 AND 29 VIRGINIA ST., RENO,

Invite the public to attend their general

Clearance Sale!!

They have marked down their goods

REGARDLESS OF COST.

IN ORDER TO ENABLE THEM TO condense their two places of business into one store. DRESS GOODS, TRIMMINGS, CLOAKS, AND HOSIERY will be offered to the trade at such low prices that it will convince all that they mean business.

SALE TO BEGIN AT ONCE!

All Goods Sold Strictly for Cash.

MANNING & BERRY.

Successors to MANNING & DUCK, Reno, Nevada,

Dealers in

GROCERIES, HARDWARE, STOVES AND TINWARE,

IRON, STEEL, CUMBERLAND COAL,

PLASTER, HAIR AND CEMENT, DOORS, WINDOWS, HARROWS,

PLOWS AND ALL KINDS OF AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS

AGENTS FOR

PERUVIAN BITTERS

WILMERDING & CO.,

IMPORTERS AND JOB

POWDER, ETC.

TIME TABLE.

V. & T. R. R.

TIME TABLE.

THE CALIFORNIA

WATER WORKS

to California Street.

SAN FRANCISCO

carriers and have constantly on hand

WITNESSES:

MINING

AND BLASTING

POWDER

superior quality, fresh from the mills. It is constantly received and transported into the city, delivered to the consumer within a day of the time of its manufacture, and is every way superior to any other Powder

You have been awarded successively

BY THREE GOLD MEDALS

MECHANICS' INSTITUTE and the AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY for the superiority of our products over all others.

We call attention to our

HERCULES POWDER.

combines all the force of other strong powder now in use, and the lifting force of the lifting Powder, thus making it vastly superior to any other compound now in use.

circular containing a full description of this powder can be obtained on application to any of our Agents.

JOHN F. LOHSE, Secretary

SUNDAY, APRIL 24, 1881.

Trains From Virginia to Carson and Reno.

STATIONS.	San Francisco Express.	Local Passenger	Local Passenger
Virginia.....	Departs 5.30 P. M.	Departs 8.00 A. M.	Departs 2.00 P. M.
Gold Hill.....	Arrives 5.40 P. M.	Arrives 8.10 A. M.	Arrives 1.12 P. M.
Mound House.....	Departs 5.46 P. M.	Arrives 8.15 P. M.	Arrives 2.55 P. M.
Carson.....	Arrives 6.05 P. M.	Arrives 9.35 A. M.	Arrives 3.40 P. M.
Reno.....	Departs 7.00 P. M.	Departs 10.00 A. M.	Departs 4.15 P. M.
	Arrives 7.15 P. M.	Arrives 10.15 A. M.	Arrives 4.30 P. M.
	Arrives 8.30 P. M.	Arrives 12.20 P. M.	Arrives 6.40 P. M.

Trains From Reno to Carson and Virginia.

STATIONS.	San Francisco Express.	Local Passenger	Local Passenger
Reno.....	7.10 A. M.	8.25 A. M.	1.30 P. M.
Carson.....	7.25 A. M.	8.40 A. M.	1.45 P. M.
Mound House.....	8.35 A. M.	11.30 A. M.	3.15 P. M.
Virginia.....	9.10 A. M.	12.05 P. M.	4.05 P. M.
Gold Hill.....	9.20 A. M.	12.30 P. M.	4.20 P. M.
	Arrives 9.55 A. M.	Arrives 1.05 P. M.	Arrives 4.45 P. M.
	Arrives 10.05 A. M.	Arrives 1.15 P. M.	Arrives 4.55 P. M.

Express train from Reno and Local Passenger train leaving Virginia at 8 o'clock A. M. connects at Mound House with trains of Carson and Colorado Railroad, arriving at Hawthorne at 3.15 P. M. of same day, connecting with the United States Stage Company's line of Concord coaches, arriving at Aurora and Bodie same evening, arriving at Luning at 5.01 P. M., connecting with stages for Grantsville, Belmont, Tybo, etc., and arriving at Soda Springs at 5.37 P. M., connecting with stage for Belleville, Candelaria, Columbus, Silver Peak, Montezuma, Alder Valley, Gold Mountain, Benton, Bishop Creek and Independence

H. M. YERINGTON,
General Superintendent.

D. A. BENDER,
General Freight and Passenger Agent

CARSON & COLORADO R. R.

TIME TABLE

TAKING EFFECT

SUNDAY, JAN. 1, 1882.

Bodie and Candelaria Express.

STATIONS.	Bodie and Candelaria.	San Francisco and Virginia
Mound House	9.30 A. M.	6.00 P. M.
Dayton	10.00 "	6.25 "
Clifton	10.45 "	4.45 "
Port Churchill	11.20 "	4.12 "
Washout	12.00 "	4.05 "
Wauhunka	12.15 P. M.	3.25 "
Cleaver	12.30 "	3.10 "
Mason	12.45 "	3.00 "
Port Huron	1.10 "	2.25 "
Reservation	1.25 "	2.10 "
Schnitz	1.47 "	1.47 "
Gillies	2.30 "	1.00 "
Hawthorne	3.40 "	11.45 A. M.
Stansfield	4.10 "	10.45 "
Kinkhead	4.43 "	10.05 "
Luning	4.53 "	9.55 "
New Boston	5.38 "	9.16 "
Boda Springs	6.50 "	8.56 "
Rhodes	6.60 "	10.09 "
Belleville	7.20 "	7.45 "

The above trains are run daily and make close connection at Mound House with trains of the Virginia and Truckee Railroad for Virginia City and Reno, and with the Central Pacific Railroad at Reno via the Virginia and Truckee Railroad, for all points East and West.

H. M. YERINGTON,
General Sup't.

R. J. LAWS,
Assistant Sup't.
D. A. BENDER,
Gen'l Freight and Passenger Agent.

POWDER, ETC.

TIME TABLE.

V. & T. R. R.

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